

Federal Highway Administration

January 10, 2018

1200 New Jersey Ave., SE Washington, D.C. 20590

HSST-1/CC-134

Mr. Gerrit A. Dyke Lindsay Transportation Solutions, Inc. 180 River Road Rio Vista, CA 94571

Dear Mr. Dyke:

This letter is in response to your February 7, 2017 request for the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to review a roadside safety device, hardware, or system for eligibility for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program. This FHWA letter of eligibility is assigned FHWA control number CC-134 and is valid until a subsequent letter is issued by FHWA that expressly references this device.

### Decision

The following devices are eligible, with details provided in the form which is attached as an integral part of this letter:

• MAX-Tension<sup>TM</sup> Guardrail Terminal System (MAX<sup>TM</sup>) TL2

### Scope of this Letter

To be found eligible for Federal-aid funding, new roadside safety devices should meet the crash test and evaluation criteria contained in the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials' (AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). However, the FHWA, the Department of Transportation, and the United States Government do not regulate the manufacture of roadside safety devices. Eligibility for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program does not establish approval, certification or endorsement of the device for any particular purpose or use.

This letter is not a determination by the FHWA, the Department of Transportation, or the United States Government that a vehicle crash involving the device will result in any particular outcome, nor is it a guarantee of the in-service performance of this device. Proper manufacturing, installation, and maintenance are required in order for this device to function as tested.

This finding of eligibility is limited to the crashworthiness of the system and does not cover other structural features, nor conformity with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

# **Eligibility for Reimbursement**

Based solely on a review of crash test results and certifications submitted by the manufacturer, and the crash test laboratory, FHWA agrees that the device described herein meets the crash test and evaluation criteria of the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials' Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). Therefore, the device is eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program if installed under the range of tested conditions.

Name of system: MAX-Tension<sup>TM</sup> Guardrail Terminal System (MAX<sup>TM</sup>)TL2

Type of system: Crash Cushion Test Level: MASH Test Level 2

Testing conducted by: Safe Technologies, Inc.

Date of request: February 7, 2017

Date initially acknowledged: February 10, 2017 Date of Final Package: November 21, 2017

FHWA concurs with the recommendation of the accredited crash testing laboratory as stated within the attached form.

# **Full Description of the Eligible Device**

The device and supporting documentation, including reports of the crash tests or other testing done, videos of any crash testing, and/or drawings of the device, are described in the attached form.

### **Notice**

This eligibility letter is issued for the subject device as tested. Modifications made to the device are not covered by this letter. Any modifications to this device should be submitted to the user (i.e., state DOT) as per their requirements.

You are expected to supply potential users with sufficient information on design, installation and maintenance requirements to ensure proper performance.

You are expected to certify to potential users that the hardware furnished has the same chemistry, mechanical properties, and geometry as that submitted for review, and that it will meet the test and evaluation criteria of AASHTO's MASH.

Issuance of this letter does not convey property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege. This letter is based on the premise that information and reports submitted by you are accurate and correct. We reserve the right to modify or revoke this letter if: (1) there are any inaccuracies in the information submitted in support of your request for this letter, (2) the qualification testing was flawed, (3) in-service performance or other information reveals safety problems, (4) the system is significantly different from the version that was crash tested, or (5) any other information indicates that the letter was issued in error or otherwise does not reflect full and complete information about the crashworthiness of the system.

# **Standard Provisions**

- To prevent misunderstanding by others, this letter of eligibility designated as FHWA
  control number CC-134 shall not be reproduced except in full. This letter and the test
  documentation upon which it is based are public information. All such letters and
  documentation may be reviewed upon request.
- This letter shall not be construed as authorization or consent by the FHWA to use, manufacture, or sell any patented system for which the applicant is not the patent holder.
- If the subject device is a patented product it may be considered to be proprietary. If proprietary systems are specified by a highway agency for use on Federal-aid projects: (a) they must be supplied through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items; (b) the highway agency must certify that they are essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists; or (c) they must be used for research or for a distinctive type of construction on relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. Our regulations concerning proprietary products are contained in Title 23, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 635.411.

Sincerely,

Michael S. Griffith

Director, Office of Safety Technologies

Michael S. Fuffith

Office of Safety

**Enclosures** 

# Request for Federal Aid Reimbursement Eligibility of Highway Safety Hardware

	Date of Request:	November 21, 2017		○ New	<ul><li>Resubmission</li></ul>
Name: Gerrit A. Dyke, P.E.,		-			
ter	Company: Lindsay Transportation Solutions, Inc.				
Submitter	Address:	dress: 180 River Road, Rio Vista, CA 94571			
Suk	Country: USA				
To: Michael S. Griffith, Director FHWA, Office of Safety Technologies					

I request the following devices be considered eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program.

#### **Device & Testing Criterion -** Enter from right to left starting with Test Level

g Criterion	Test Level	
MASH	TL2	

12121

System Type	Submission Type	Device Name / Variant	Testing Criterion	Test Level
'CC': Crash Cushions, Attenuators, & Terminals	<ul><li>Physical Crash Testing</li><li>Engineering Analysis</li></ul>	MAX-Tension TL-2	AASHTO MASH	TL2

By submitting this request for review and evaluation by the Federal Highway Administration, I certify that the product(s) was (were) tested in conformity with the AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware and that the evaluation results meet the appropriate evaluation criteria in the MASH.

### Individual or Organization responsible for the product:

Contact Name:	Gerrit A. Dyke, P.E.,	Same as Submitter 🔀
Company Name:	Lindsay Transportation Solutions, Inc.	Same as Submitter 🔀
Address:	180 River Road, Rio Vista, CA 94571	Same as Submitter 🔀
Country:	USA	Same as Submitter 🖂

Enter below all disclosures of financial interests as required by the FHWA `Federal-Aid Reimbursement Eligibility Process for Safety Hardware Devices' document.

Safe Technologies, Inc. (STI) performs testing and analysis services for Lindsay Transportation Solutions, Inc. (LTS). STI is a wholly owned subsidiary of LTS. STI is a fully accredited crash test facility to ISO 17025 by A2LA and is recognized by the US Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to perform full scale crash tests per NCHRP Report 350 and MASH criteria.

The STI laboratory manager, technicians, and laborers are compensated by LTS for salaries and wages. STI and staff does not receive any incentives, compensation, commissions, or professional fees corresponding to the outcome of any testing or analysis.

STI or staff does not receive any research funding or other research support from LTS. STI and staff also do not have any financial interest in patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property associated with the products they test or analyze.

KARCO Engineering, LLC. was contracted by LTS to collaborate with STI for this testing program. KARCO provided guidance, recommendations, and suggestions for testing and reporting practices. KARCO reviewed test data and reports to ensure accuracy and correct representation of test parameters and results. KARCO nor any KARCO employee has any financial interest in LTS, STI, or the product being tested.

# PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

New Hardware or	_ Modification to
Significant Modification	Existing Hardware

The MAX-Tension™ Test Level 2 Guardrail Terminal System (MAX-TL2) is a non gating re-directive end terminal for corrugated W-beam barrier systems in tangent configurations. The MAX-TL2 system utilizes tensioned cables, a telescoping panel, and a cutting tooth to absorb the kinetic energy and safely contain or redirect impacting vehicles. The system is comprised of a friction based energy absorbing impact head, two tension cables, a releasable post 1, a ground anchor assembly, and an energy absorbing coupler with integrated cutting tooth used in conjunction with standard AASHTO 12 Ga guardrail panels, posts, blockouts, and hardware. The system length is approximately 14ft 6in [4.4m] and has an effective length of approximately 25.8 ft [7.9m], with the anchor assembly extending forward approximately 4.2 ft [1.3m]. The Length of Need is at Post 1.

The MAX-TL2 can be applied directly to W-Beam guardrail systems at, or transitioned to, 31" rail height with panels and post spacing configured at mid-span splice. Transitions to strong post W-beam guardrail systems or other barriers where the splice is not mid-span can be accomplished using 3ft 1 1/2in [0.95m], 9ft 4 1/2in [2.85m], or 15ft 7 1/2in [4.75m] panels after the MAX-TL2 system (minimum 25.8ft [7.9m] downstream of the first post) in accordance with Federal, State, and local standards. Transitions to other barrier systems such as thrie beam or rigid bridge or roadside barriers shall be in accordance with Federal, State, and local requirements and attached after the MAX-TL2 system (minimum 25.8ft [7.9m] downstream of the first post).

The MAX-TL2 can be applied with a 0 to 2 ft [610mm] offset in accordance with FHWA recommendations and memorandum titled "Guidelines for the Selection of W-Beam Barrier Terminals" dated October 26, 2004.

The MAX-TL2 may be configured using wood or composite blockouts with 8in [200mm] or 12in [305mm] depths. Reference Enclosure A, "MAX-Tension TL-2 System Configurations Justification".

The MAX-TL2 may utilize standard AASHTO 8.5lb/ft or 9lb/ft line posts after post number one. Reference Enclosure A.

The MAX-TL2 may utilize standard 25ft [7.6m] AASHTO M-180 12 Gauge panels after the slider assembly (panel 2 and beyond). Reference Enclosure A.

The MAX-TL2 may be painted, stained, or powder coated on surfaces that do not effect the function of the system in place of or in addition to galvanizing. Reference Enclosure A for details regarding surfaces that may be coated and the components or surfaces that should not.

Any delineation pattern, tape, or decal may be placed on the Delineation Bracket attached to the MAX-TL2 impact head. In addition, several variations of brackets may be utilized with the MAX-TL2. See Enclosure A.

The MAX-TL2 may display identification decals, tags, or stamps for product identification, component tracking and quality control. The identification method and location shall not effect the capacity, function, or performance of the MAX-TL2. Reference Enclosure A.

Two minor modifications to the system components are proposed in Enclosure A. The section titled "Stamped vs. Welded Traffic Side Slider Brackets" details an alternative manufacturing method for the coupler where it is stamped from a single sheet of steel instead of welding two components together. This component may be fabricated in either configuration with no effect on the capacity, function, or performance of the MAX-TL2.

Manufacturing drawings may be adjusted to ensure manufacturing capability and consistency with MASH tested and certified product.

### CRASH TESTING

By signature below, the Engineer affiliated with the testing laboratory, agrees in support of this submission that all of the critical and relevant crash tests for this device listed above were conducted to meet the MASH test criteria. The Engineer has determined that no other crash tests are necessary to determine the device meets the MASH criteria.

Engineer Name:	Joseph Nagy	
Engineer Signature:	Joseph Nagy	ned by Joseph Nagy 1.21 16:14:02 -08'00'
Address:	170 River Road, Rio Vista, CA 94571	Same as Submitter
Country:	USA	Same as Submitter 🗌

# A brief description of each crash test and its result:

Required Test	Narrative	Evaluation
Number	Description	Results
2-30 (1100C)	The MAX-Tension TL-2 was judged to have successfully met all of the evaluation criteria for MASH Test 2-30 for non-gating end terminals.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal satisfied the MASH structural adequacy criteria for its intended function as a nongating end terminal. The test article first captured and later redirected the 1100C vehicle in a controlled manner. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The test article exhibited controlled permanent and dynamic deflection in the test.  All of the occupant risk criteria were satisfied in testing the MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal. Theoretical occupant impact velocities in the longitudinal and lateral directions were below the preferred limit of 30.0 ft/s (9.1 m/s). Ridedown accelerations in the longitudinal and lateral directions were well below the preferred limit of 15.0 G. There was no test article debris detached during the test.  There was minimal deformation to the occupant compartment of the 1100C test vehicle shown in Table 4. There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment. The test vehicle remained upright during and after the collision with minor roll and pitch.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal was judged as satisfying the applicable MASH vehicle trajectory criteria.	PASS

		rage 5 of 1
Required Test Number	Narrative Description	Evaluation Results
2-31 (2270P)	The MAX-Tension TL-2 was judged to have successfully met all of the evaluation criteria for MASH Test 2-31 for non-gating end terminals.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal satisfied the MASH structural adequacy criteria for its intended function as a nongating end terminal. The test article captured the 2270P vehicle in a controlled manner. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The test article exhibited controlled permanent and dynamic deflection in the test.  All of the occupant risk criteria were satisfied in testing the MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal. Theoretical occupant impact velocities in the longitudinal and lateral directions were below the preferred limit of 30.0 ft/s (9.1 m/s). Ridedown accelerations in the longitudinal and lateral directions were below the preferred limit of 15.0 G. There was no test article debris detached during the test.  There was no deformation to the occupant compartment of the 2270P test vehicle shown in Table 4. There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment. The test vehicle remained upright during and after the collision with minor roll and pitch.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal was judged as satisfying the applicable MASH vehicle trajectory criteria.	PASS

The MAX-Tension TL-2 was judged to have successfully met all of the evaluation criteria for MASH Test 2-32 for non-gating end terminals.

The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal satisfied the MASH structural adequacy criteria for its intended function as a nongating end terminal. The test article captured the 1100C vehicle in a controlled manner. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The test article exhibited controlled permanent and dynamic deflection in the test. All of the occupant risk criteria were satisfied in testing the MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal. Theoretical occupant impact velocities in the longitudinal and lateral directions were below the maximum limit of 40.0 ft/s (12 m/s). Ridedown accelerations in the longitudinal and lateral directions were below the preferred limit of 15.0 G. There was no test article debris detached during the test.

2-32 (1100C)

There was minimal deformation to the occupant compartment of the 1100C test vehicle shown in Table 4. There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment. The test vehicle remained upright during and after the collision with minor roll and pitch. The vehicle did not intrude into adjacent lanes.

The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal was judged as satisfying the applicable MASH vehicle trajectory criteria.

**PASS** 

The MAX-Tension TL-2 was judged to have successfully met all of the evaluation criteria for MASH Test 2-33 for non-gating end terminals.

The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal satisfied the MASH structural adequacy criteria for its intended function as a nongating end terminal. The test article captured the 2270P vehicle in a controlled manner. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The test article exhibited controlled permanent and dynamic deflection in the test. All of the occupant risk criteria were satisfied in testing the MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal. Theoretical occupant impact velocities in the longitudinal and lateral directions were below the preferred limit of 30.0 ft/s (9.1 m/s). Ridedown accelerations in the longitudinal and lateral directions were well below the preferred limit of 15 G. There was no test article debris detached during the test.

2-33 (2270P)

There was minimal deformation to the occupant compartment of the 2270P test vehicle shown in Table 4. There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment. The test vehicle remained upright during and after the collision with minor roll and pitch.

The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal was judged as satisfying the applicable MASH vehicle trajectory criteria.

PASS

The MAX-Tension TL-2 was judged to have successfully met all of the evaluation criteria for MASH Test 2-34 for non-gating end terminals. The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal satisfied the MASH structural adequacy criteria for its intended function as a nongating end terminal. The test article redirected the 1100C vehicle in a controlled manner. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The test article exhibited some permanent and dynamic deflection in the test. All of the occupant risk criteria were satisfied in testing the MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal. Theoretical occupant impact velocities in the longitudinal and lateral 2-34 (1100C) **PASS** directions were well below the preferred limit of 30.0 ft/s (9.1 m/s). Ridedown accelerations in the longitudinal and lateral directions were well below the preferred limit of 15.0 G. There was no test article debris detached during the test. There was minimal deformation to the occupant compartment of the 1100C test vehicle shown in Table 4. There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment. The test vehicle remained upright during and after the collision with minor roll and pitch. The vehicle did not intrude into adjacent lanes. The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal was judged as satisfying the applicable MASH

vehicle trajectory criteria.

		Page 9 of 1
2-35 (2270P)	The MAX-Tension TL-2 was judged to have successfully met all of the evaluation criteria for MASH Test 2-35 for non-gating end terminals.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal satisfied the MASH structural adequacy criteria for its intended function as a nongating end terminal. The test article captured and redirected the 2270P vehicle in a controlled manner. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The test article exhibited controlled permanent and dynamic deflection in the test.  All of the occupant risk criteria were satisfied in testing the MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal. Theoretical occupant impact velocities in the longitudinal and lateral directions were well below the preferred limit of 30.0 ft/s (9.1 m/s). Ridedown accelerations in the longitudinal and lateral directions were well below the preferred limit of 15 G. There was no test article debris detached during the test.  There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment of the 2270P test vehicle. There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment. The test vehicle remained upright during and after the collision with minor roll and pitch. The vehicle did not intrude into adjacent lanes.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal was judged as satisfying the applicable MASH vehicle trajectory criteria.	PASS
2-36 (2270P)	The MAX-Tension TL-2 is applied only to corrugated W-profile guardrail barrier systems of equal lateral stiffness. Therefore this test is not relevant and was not conducted.	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted

The MAX-Tension TL-2 was judged to have successfully met all of the evaluation criteria for MASH Test 2-37a for non-gating end terminals.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal satisfied the MASH structural adequacy criteria for its intended function as a nongating end terminal. The test article redirected the 2270P vehicle in a controlled manner. The vehicle did not gate to the backside of the system. It did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. The	
test article exhibited controlled permanent and dynamic deflection in the test. All of the occupant risk criteria were satisfied in testing the MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal. Theoretical occupant impact velocities in the longitudinal and lateral directions were well below the preferred limit of 30.0 ft/s (9.1 m/s). Ridedown accelerations in the longitudinal and lateral directions were well below the preferred limit of 15.0 G. There were some fragments of blockouts detached from the system that landed in the clear zone and did not pose a threat to the occupant compartment, other vehicles, pedestrians or personnel in a work zone.  There was minimal deformation to the occupant compartment of the 2270P test vehicle as shown in Table 4. There was no intrusion into the occupant compartment. The test vehicle remained upright during and after the collision with minor roll and pitch.  The MAX-Tension TL-2 end terminal was judged as satisfying the applicable MASH vehicle trajectory criteria.	
Calculations performed to demonstrate acceptable occupant risk values per MASH evaluation criteria. Reference Enclosure A, "MAX-Tension TL-2 Configurations Justifications" section titled "1500A Vehicle (MASH Test 2-38)".	
2-40 (1100C) Not applicable. Non-Relevant Test, not conducted	
2-41 (2270P) Not applicable. Non-Relevant Test, not conducted	
2-42 (1100C) Not applicable. Non-Relevant Test, not conducted	
2-43 (2270P) Not applicable. Non-Relevant Test, not conducted	
2-44 (2270P) Not applicable. Non-Relevant Test, not conducted	
2-45 (1500A) Not applicable. Non-Relevant Test, not conducted	

Full Scale Crash Testing was done in compliance with MASH by the following accredited crash test laboratory (cite the laboratory's accreditation status as noted in the crash test reports.):

Laboratory Name:	Safe Technologies, Inc.		
Laboratory Signature:	Joseph Nagy		ed by Joseph Nagy I.21 16:19:12 -08'00'
Address:	170 River Road, Rio Vista, CA 94571		Same as Submitter
Country:	USA		Same as Submitter
Accreditation Certificate Number and Dates of current Accreditation period :	1851.01, Valid through March 31, 2018		

Submitter Signature\*: Gerrit Dyke Digitally signed by Gerrit Dyke Date: 2017.11.21 16:19:59

**Submit Form** 

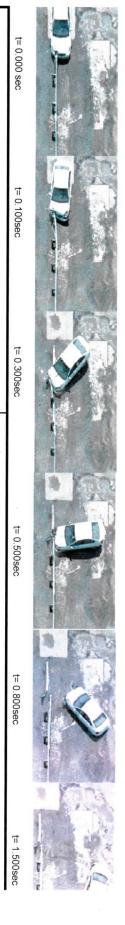
# **ATTACHMENTS**

Attach to this form:

- 1) Additional disclosures of related financial interest as indicated above.
- 2) A copy of the full test report, video, and a Test Data Summary Sheet for each test conducted in support of this request.
- 3) A drawing or drawings of the device(s) that conform to the Task Force-13 Drawing Specifications [Hardware Guide Drawing Standards]. For proprietary products, a single isometric line drawing is usually acceptable to illustrate the product, with detailed specifications, intended use, and contact information provided on the reverse. Additional drawings (not in TF-13 format) showing details that are relevant to understanding the dimensions and performance of the device should also be submitted to facilitate our review.

#### **FHWA Official Business Only:**

Eligibility Letter		
Number	Date	Key Words
		9



28-5" 31" 31" 31" 28-5" 29-11" MAX-TENSION TL-2 CUARDRAIL END HERMINAL JANCENI (179-11")	Evit Conditions	General Information
281-5" 31" SX 40 1/8" SX 40 1/8" 68 1/8"  CU	(129:11")	29:11"
281-5"  SX 40 1/8"  83 1/8	CUARDRAIL END TERMINAL, TANCENT	72 3/4" 75"
\$2,401/8		00 / 0
31		SX 40 1/8"
		1

	,		31" 5x 40 1/8" 68 1/8"
Exit Conditions	(199'-11")	CUARDRAIL END TERMINAL, TANCENT	

Impact Conditions  Speed  Angle  Location / Orientation	Make and Model Curb Weight Test Inertial Weight Gross Static Weight	Type of soil	Type Installation Length Width Height Soil Conditions	General Information  Test Agency  Test Number  Test Designation  Date  Test Article  Name
	2011 Hyundai Accent 2,462 lb (1,116.5 kg) 2,448 lb (1,110.5 kg) 2,614 lb (1,185.5 kg)	AASHTO Grade A/B Soil-Aggregate 11,742 lb (52.2 kN) 1100C	Guardrail End Terminal 129.9 ft (39.6 m) 17.5 in (444.5 mm) 31 in (787 mm)	SAFE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  MET230-C1  MASH 2-30  8/22/2017  Lindsay Transportation - MaX-Tension TL-2
Vehicle Damage  VDS	Test Article Deflection  Longitudinal system stroke	THIV	Occupant Risk Values  Longitudinal OIV  Lateral OIV  Longitudinal ORA  Lateral ORA	Exit Conditions  Speed (mph)
12-FR-4 12FREN3 0.25 in (6.35 mm) - dashboar	5.58 ft (1.70 m) 0.23 ft (0.07 m) 1.38 ft (0.42 m)	29.2 ft/s (8.9 m/s) 10.2 g's 0.96 Moderate	28.9 ft/s (8.8 m/s) 1.31 ft/s (0.4 m/s) 10 g/s 3.3 g/s	N/A N/A Satisfactory 28.4 ft (8.67 m) N/A



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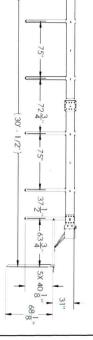












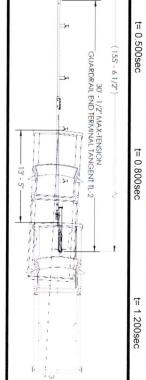
General Information

Test Designation ... Test Number..... Test Agency.....

.... MET170201

.... SAFE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

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Speed	Curb Weight Test Inertial Weight Gross Static Weight Impact Conditions	Test Vehicle Type / Designation	Soil Conditions Type of Soil Strength.	installation Lengtri Width Height	Test Article Name Type	Test Designation
41.8 mph (67.3 km/h) 0 deg Front/Center	5029.0 lb (2281.0 kg) 5002.0 lb (2269.0 kg) 5002.0 lb (2269.0 kg)	2270P	AASHTO Grade A/B Soil-Aggregate 14.764.6 lb (65.7 kN)	155.5 tt (39.8 m) 17.5 in (444.5mm) 31.0 in (787mm)	Lindsay Transportation - MAX-Tension, TL-2	MASH 2-31 2/1/2017

Exit Conditions	
Speed (mph)N/A	N/A
Angle (deg)N/A	N N

Vehicle Stability Sati Stopping Distance Shaping Pocketing N/A Vehicle Snagging/Pocketing N/A Vehicle Snagging/Pocketing Stopping N/A Vecupant risk Values 23.3	Satisfactory 13.4 ft (4.1 m) N/A (see Figure 6) 23.3 ft/s (7.1 m/s)
ccupant risk Values	
	. 23.3 ft/s (7.1 m/s)
Lateral OIV0	. 0.7 ft/s (0.2 m/s)
Longitudinal ORA 7	. 7.4 g's
Lateral ORA 1.	1.5 g's
THIV	23.3 ft/s (7.1 m/s)
PHD	.7.4 g's
ASI	. 0.55

Vehicle Damage	Dynamic lateral deflection 0.49 ft (0.15 m)	Permanent lateral deflection 0.43 ft (0.13 m)	Longitudinal system stroke 10.5 ft (3.2 m)	Test Article Deflections	Test Article Damage: Moderate	ASI	
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Maximum DeformationNo interior damage	CDC12FCEN2	VDS12-FC-5	Vehicle Damage
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	GUAR	res	
	29'-11" MAX-TENSION TL-2 GUARDRAIL END TERMINAL, TANGENT	41	
(129'-11")	X-TENSION TERMINAL		
("11"	TANG	н	
	ENT	HE	
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on / Orientation	Angle 15.0 deg	Speed 43.9 mph (70.6 kph)	Impact Conditions	Gross Static Weight	Test Inertial Weight	Curb Weight	Make and Model 2011 Kia Rio	Type / Designation1100C	Test Vehicle	Soil strength13,46	Type of soil AASHTO Grade A/B Soil-Aggregate	Soil Conditions	Height	Width	Installation Length129.9 ft (39.6 m)	Type Guardrail End Terminal	Name Lindsay Transportation - MaX-Tension TL-2	Test Article	Date	Test DesignationMASH 2-32	Test Number MET232-C1	Test Agency SAFE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
	deg CDC	mph (70.6 kph) VDS	Vehicle Damage	5 lb (1,186 kg) Dynamic lateral			lia Rio		ASI	13,465 lb (59.9 kN) PHD	HTO Grade A/B Soil-Aggregate THIV	Lateral C	in (787 mm) Longitudinal OR.		9 ft (39.6 m) Longitudinal OIV			Longitud				
Interior Deformation	12FDEW2	12-FC-4	Damage	c lateral deflection 2.59 ft (0.79 m)	Permanent lateral deflection	Longitudinal system stroke4.93 ft (1.50 m)	Test Article Deflection	Test Article Damage: Moderate	1.01	11.2 g's		Lateral ORA	A	Lateral OIV 0.98 ft/s (0.3 m/s)	dinal OIV 31.5 ft/s (9.6 m/s)	Occupant Risk Values	Vehicle Snagging/PocketingN/A	Longitudinal Stopping Distance (CG) 6.40 ft (1.95 m)	Vehicle Stability Satisfactory	Post Impact Trajectory		Speed (mph)N/A













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sec	

t= 0.100sec

t= 0.300sec

t= 0.600sec

- 13'- 4" STOPPING DISTANCE

t= 1.000sec

t= 1.500sec

Impact Conditions  Speed	Test Inertial Weight	gnation lodel	Type of soil	Width Height Soil Conditions	Name	General Information Test Agency Test Number Test Designation Date Test Article
42.6 mph (68.6 kph)  15 deg  Front/Center	5,005 lb (2,270 kg) 5,005 lb (2,270 kg)	2270P 2012 Dodge Ram 1500			Name Lindsay Transportation - MaX-Tension TL-2 Type Guardrail End Terminal Installation Length 129.9 ft (39.6 m)	SAFE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  MET233-C1  MASH 2-33  8/14/2017
Vehicle Damage  VDS.  CDC.  Maximum Interior Deformation	Longitudinal system stroke  Permanent lateral deflection	Test Article Damage: Test Article Deflection	THIV PHD ASI	Lateral OIV	Vehicle Snagging/Pocketing  Occupant risk Values  Longitudinal OIV	Exit Conditions  Speed (mph)  Angle (deg)  Post Impact Trajectory  Vehicle Stability
12-FC-3 12FCEW2 0.44 in (11.1	6.23 ft (1.90 0.76 ft (0.23 1.77 ft (0.54)	Substantial	9.0 g's	1.31 ft/s (0.4 8.9 g/s 1.9 g/s	N/A 24.9 ft/s (7.6	N/A N/A Satisfactory 13.3 ft /4.05

	-	68 1/8"
Exit Conditions		POSITION
	GUARDRAIL END TERMINAL, TANGENT	29'-11" MAX-TENSION TL-2

- 37 1/2 - 63 3/4"

5x 40 1/8" 68 1/8"

	Longitudinal OIV 24.9 ft/s (7.6 m/s)	Occupant risk Values	Vehicle Snagging/PocketingN/A	Longitudinal Stopping Distance (CG)13.3 ft (4.05 m)	Vehicle Stability Satisfactory	Post Impact Trajectory	Angle (deg)N/A
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	24.9 ft/s (7.6 m/s)			. 1.31 ft/s (0.4 m/s)	24.9 ft/s (7.6 m/s)

0.000
0.70
Article Damage: Substantial
Article Deflection
gitudinal system stroke 6.23 ft (1.90 m)
manent lateral deflection 0.76 ft (0.23 m)

Longitudinal system stroke	6.23 ft (1.90 m) 0.76 ft (0.23 m) 1.77 ft (0.54 m)
/ehicle Damage	
VDe	2000

Maximum Interior Deformation 0.44 in (11.1 mm) - floor pan	CDC	VUS
0.44 in (11.1 mm) - floor pan	12FCEW2	12-FC-3













t= 0.600 sec







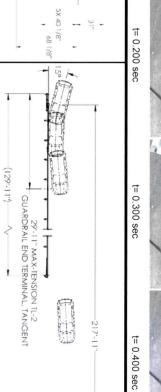






723/4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3
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75	g.	t= 0.	
- 37		t= 0.100 sec	
371/2" -		O	VIII
63 3/4"			1

t= 0.000 sec



	Location / Orientation from post 1	Angle 15.0 deg	Speed	Impact Conditions	Gross Static Weight2,614.7 lb (1,186.0 kg)	Test Inertial Weight	Curb Weight	Make and Model 2011 Kia Rio	Type / Designation 1100C	Test Vehicle	Soil strength	Type of soilAASHTO	Soil Conditions	Height31.0 in (787 mm)	Width	Installation Length129.9 ft (39.6 m)	Type Guardrail End Terminal	Name Lindsay Transportation - MaX-Tension TL-2	Test Article	Date8/24/2017	Test DesignationMASH 2-34	Test NumberMET234-C1	Test AgencySAFE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	General Information
-							106.0 kg)		•			AASHTO Grade A/B Soil-Aggregate						ransportation - MaX-Tension TL-2						D
Maximum Interior Deformation	CDC	VDS.	Vehicle Damage	Dynamic lateral deflection	Permanent lateral deflection	Longitudinal system stroke	Test Article Deflection	Test Article Damage:	ASI	PHD	THIV	Lateral ORA	Longitudinal ORA	Lateral OIV	Longitudinal OIV	Occupant risk Values	Vehicle Snagging/Pocketing		Longitudinal Stopping Distance (CG)	Vehicle Stability	Post Impact Trajectory	Angle	Speed	Exit Conditions
0.88 in (22.2 mm) - dashboard	01RFEN1	1-RFQ-1		0.52 ft (0.16 m)	0.35 ft (0.11 m)	: N/A		Minimal	0.54	4.6 g's	17.1 ft/s (5.2 m/s)	3.7 g's	2.7 g's	15.1 ft/s (4.6 m/s)	8.2 ft/s (2.5 m/s)		N/A	stopped by containment barrier	Approximately 218 ft (66.4 m),	Satisfactory		4.8 degrees	35.9 mph (57.8 kph)	

		Tension TL-2						
Occupant risk Values	Vehicle Snagging/PocketingN/A	stopped by containment barrier	Longitudinal Stopping Distance (CG) Approximately 218 ft (66.4 m),	Vehicle Stability Satisfactory	Post Impact Trajectory	Angle 4.8 degrees	Speed 35.9 mph (57.8 kph)	

Occupant risk values       8.2 ft/s (2.5 m/s)         Longitudinal OIV       15.1 ft/s (4.6 m/s)         Lateral OIV       2.7 g/s         Longitudinal ORA       3.7 g/s         Lateral ORA       17.1 ft/s (5.2 m/s)         PHD       4.6 g/s         ASI       0.54         Test Article Damage:       Minimal         Test Article Deflection
---



t= 0.000 sec











t= 0.200sec







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SON PRODUCTION OF THE PRODUCTI	t= 1.500sec

**Exit Conditions** 

Location / OrientationBL	Angle25	Speed42	Impact Conditions	Gross Static Weight5,0	Test Inertial Weight 5,0	Curb Weight4,5		Type / Designation 2270P	Test Vehicle	Soil strength15		Soil Conditions	Height31	Width	Installation Length 12	Туре	Name Lindsay Transportation - MaX-Tension TL-2	Test Article	Date	Test Designation	:	Test AgencySA	General Information	
BION Post 1	. 25.0 deg	42.5 mph (68.4 kph)		. 5,019.0 lb (2,276.5 kg)	5,019.0 lb (2,276.5 kg)	. 4,986.0 lb (2,261.5 kg)	. 2011 Dodge Ram 1500 Quad Cab Pickup	70P		. 15,708 lb (69.9 kN)	. AASHTO Grade A/B Soil-Aggregate		. 31 in (787 mm)	17.5 in (444.5 mm)	. 129.9 ft (39.6 m)	Guardrail End Terminal	dsay Transportation - MaX-Tension TL-2		4/2017	. MASH 2-35	MET170224	SAFE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.		

Permanent ...... 1.08 ft (0.33 m)

Longitudinal system stroke...... N/A

VDS.....

CDC......01FREA4

......No interior damage

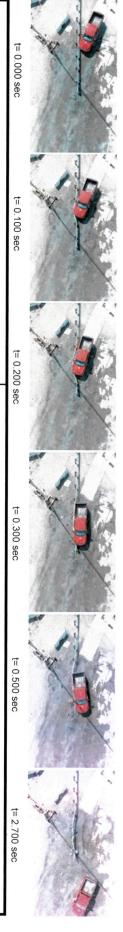
1-RFQ-4

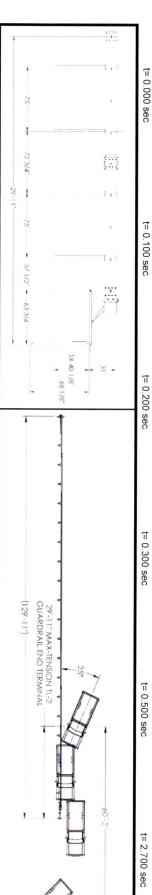
Maximum Deformation .....

Test Article Damage.....Substantial

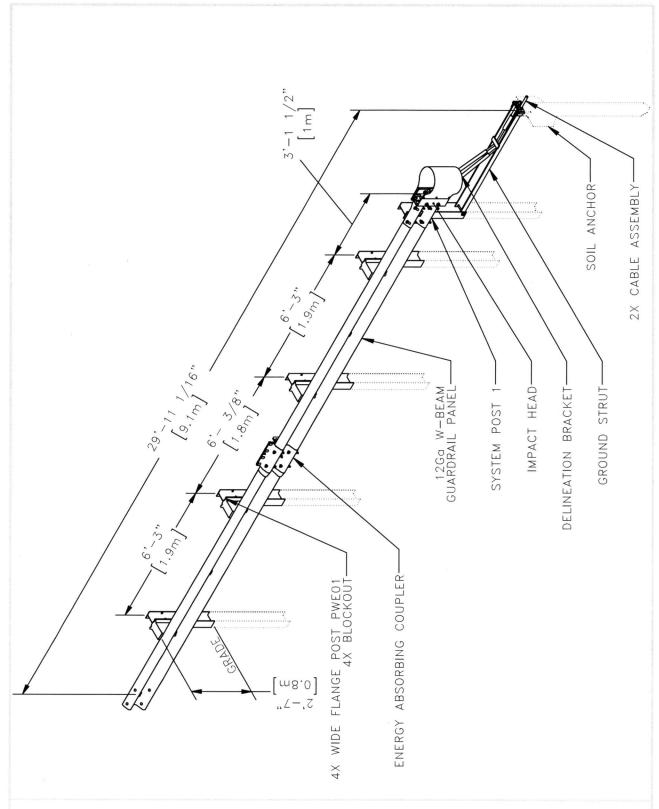
Test Article Deflections

INC.	Speed 15.6 mph (25.1 kph)
	Angle 8.6 degrees
	Post Impact Trajectory
	Vehicle Stability Satisfactory
	Stopping Distance 58.25 ft (17.75 m)
MaX-Tension TL-2	Vehicle Snagging/Pocketing Minimal
	Occupant risk Values
	Longitudinal OIV11.5 ft/s (3.5 m/s)
	Lateral OIV13.8 ft/s (4.2 m/s)
	Longitudinal ORA8.0 g's
	Lateral ORA 6.4 g's
Aggregate	THIV 17.4 ft/s (5.3 m/s)





0.88 in (22.2 mm) - floor pan	Maximum Interior Deformation		Location / Orientation
01RFEW1	CDC	25.0 deg	Angle
1-RFQ-3	VDS	42.7 mph (68.7 kph)	Speed
	Vehicle Damage		Impact Conditions
2.16 ft (0.66 m)	Dynamic lateral deflection	5,006 lb (2,270.5 kg)	Gross Static Weight
1.18 ft (0.36 m)	Permanent lateral deflection	5,006 lb (2,270.5 kg)	Test Inertial Weight
N/A	Longitudinal system stroke		Curb Weight
	Test Article Deflection	2011 Dodge Ram 1500	Make and Model
Substantial	Test Article Damage:	2270P	Type / Designation
0.52	ASI		Test Vehicle
11.9 g's	PHD	16,037 lb (71.3 kN)	Soil strength
19.4 ft/s (5.9 m/s)	THIV	AASHTO Grade A/B Soil-Aggregate	Type of soil
7.5 g's	Lateral ORA		Soil Conditions
9.4 g's	Longitudinal ORA		Height
	Lateral OIV	17.5 in (444.5 mm)	Width
16.4 ft/s (5.0 m/s)	Longitudinal OIV		Installation Length
	Occupant risk Values	Guardrail End Terminal	Type
Minimal	Vehicle Snagging/Pocketing	Lindsay Transportation - MaX-Tension TL-2	Name
60.2 ft (18.3 m)	Longitudinal Stopping Distance (CG)		Test Article
Satisfactory	Vehicle Stability	8/18/2017	Date
	Post Impact Trajectory	MASH 2-37a	Test Designation
9.5 degrees	Angle (deg)	MET237a-C1	Test Number
19.0 mph (30.6 kph)	Speed (mph)	Test AgencySAFE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	Test Agency
	Exit Conditions		General Information



MAX-TENSION TL-2 GUARDRAIL END TERMINAL, TANGENT





SHEET NO. DATE: 1 OF 2 .

Lindsay Transportation Solutions, 180 River Rd., Rio Vista CA. 94571, 888-800-3691 www.theroadzipper.com

# INTENDED USE

The MAX-Tension™ TL-2 Guardrail End Terminal (MAX-Tension TL-2) is a re-directive, non-gating tension-based end terminal for corrugated W-Beam barrier systems in tangent configurations. It can be used to protect motorists from unforgiving terminations of longitudinal barriers. The MAX-Tension TL-2 system absorbs the energy and gradually decelerates an impacting vehicle when impacted head-on and contains and redirects a vehicle during side impacts. The BLON is at post 1. The MAX-Tension TL-2 system integrates directly into a corrugated W-Beam guardrail system.

The system consists of an impact head, energy absorbing coupler, two tension cables, soil anchor and ground strut, in addition to standard guardrail components such as posts, blockouts, and rails. The system can be installed on any guardrail system transitioned to a rail height of 31" [787] with mid-span splices. Contact the manufacturer for further information and installation instructions.

The MAX-Tension TL-2 can be applied in the following configurations:

• 8" or 12" blockouts, wood or composite

Standard AASHTO line post can be 8.5 or 9 lb/ft
Two standard AASHTO 12 Ga. 12-'6" 4-Space W-beam or one AASHTO 12 Ga. 12-'6" 4-Space W-beam and one 25'-0" 4-Space W-beam

• Transition to 27 1/2" downstream guardrail with or without mid-span splice

• Transition directly to thrie-beam or other bridge rail transition

• Up to 2 ft. offset

### **APPROVALS**

The MAX-Tension TL-2 Tangent system has been fully tested in conformance with MASH Test Level 2 and is eligible for Federal reimbursement.

FHWA Eligibility Letters: XXXXXXX

### CONTACT INFORMATION

**Lindsay Transportation Solutions** 180 River Rd. Rio Vista, CA 94571 www.barriersystemsinc.com Phone: 888-800-3691 or 707-374-6800 Fax: 707-374-6801

Email: info@barriersystemsinc.com

MAX-TENSION TL-2 GUARDRAIL END TERMINAL, TANGENT





SHEET NO.

DATE:

Lindsay Transportation Solutions, 180 River Rd., Rio Vista CA. 94571, 888-800-3691 www.theroadzipper.com